

## Prospects for the Impact of Modern Relations between Uzbekistan and the USA on Afghanistan

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**ABSTRACT:** This article analyzes the opinions of expert researchers regarding the role of the Afghan factor in modern interstate relations, in particular the influence of this factor on relations between the United States and Afghanistan and on other countries, especially countries neighboring Afghanistan.

**KEYWORD:** Afghanistan, factor, research, international relations, politics, military operations, Taliban movement, diplomacy, situation, neighboring countries.

The development of modern cooperation between Uzbekistan and the United States in various fields has been considered in the work of various researchers. For example, published in the newspaper "People's Word" in the issue of July 23, 2020, PhD, professor Gregory Gleason, doctor of political science, professor Sayfiddin Zhuraev, co - authored by the candidate of Economic Sciences, dosent Elyor Mahmudov, is distinguished by his in-depth analysis, despite the size of the article "Uzbekistan- USA: A New Era of Strategic Partnerships". But it does not show the role of this cooperation in the Afghan problem.

Regular work on this is underway. Regional security issues Sh.Mirziyoev was also promoted during his May 2018 U.S. visit. It was then that the parties stated their stability in the field of further strengthening cooperation in the field of combating extremism and terrorism, general global threats.

U.S. Secretary of State Michael Pompeo's visit to Uzbekistan on February 3, 2020 can be considered one of the distinctive events between the two countries. During this visit, the ground was to be prepared for a new stage of strategic cooperation between the parties. During the visit process, a new strategy for Central Asia was announced in 2019-2025, prepared by the US State Department. The main principles of this strategy include: strengthening the independence of the countries of the region; strengthening the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (currently the name of the country is the Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan) To Central Asia; to promote reforms in the field of human rights and the importation of investments into the territory.<sup>1</sup>

In the relations of the United States and Uzbekistan, serious attention is paid to multilateral cooperation on the issues of tracking the situation in Afghanistan. Washington recognizes Uzbekistan's active efforts to resolve the conflict in Afghanistan. The route that Tashkent is taking to agree on the main political forces in Kabul and the country, including the Taliban movement, is welcomed by many. In addition, on May 27,

<sup>1</sup> The United States has published a new strategy for Central Asia for 2019-2025 Gazeta.uz 06.02.20

2020, the first tripartite meeting between Uzbekistan and the United States – Afghanistan was held in the style of a video conference.<sup>2</sup>

According to the results of the meeting, the Foreign Affairs province of Uzbekistan stated that the new tripartite form is a consultation mechanism for developing practical proposals aimed at advancing the peace process in Afghanistan, raising the country's economy, as well as actively engaging it in economic processes in the region.<sup>3</sup>

Afghanistan is a kurolli kuchlarning, as well as the olib chikilishi jaraeni and Shunga sadlik of the country's hold are defenseless, where the entire tepasiga state "Taliban" movement "kelganligin 2021 iildagi uziga can happen. Therefore, in may of this year, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Uzbekistan A.Negotiations with Komilov and the special representative of the president of the United States for Afghanistan Zalmay Khalilzod were continued.

Also, the fact that military-political cooperation between the United States and Uzbekistan is also actively continuing is one of the events that may play an important role in solving the Afghan problem and maintaining stability in Central Asia – the joint exercise "regional cooperation - 21" with the participation of the military of the Central Asian countries Mongolia and Pakistan, which ended on June 16, 2021.

On August 31, 2021, the United States nearly completed the withdrawal of its troops from Afghanistan. However, on August 15 of the same year, Afghanistan was in full swing (not counting the Panjsher region under Ahmad Ma'sud's control) to the Taliban. Formerly known as the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, the country now bears the name Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan. But still, the fact that no country has officially recognized this state brings to the surface the idea that no one can tell how events will take place in this space. The reason why we say this is that on August 15, 2022, the Taliban celebrated the one-year anniversary of the independence of their state, but in this regard, not a single state, including Uzbekistan, welcomed the Taliban.

After the withdrawal of American troops is completed, the president of the United States declares that the intended goal in this country has been achieved – that is, the complete destruction of Al-Qaeda. This view cannot be trusted much if it is implied that Al-Qaeda is still in a relationship with the Taliban. Ironically, Biden was the subject of media representatives ' "do you believe in the Taliban?"he replies No to his questions in the tribe. He also states that he does not believe that the Taliban will occupy Afghanistan because there are 300,000 government troops who have been well trained against the Taliban with the help of the United States. but the next development of events is his promises (taking responsibility for Afghan citizens, etc.k.) butkul pretended to be unfounded.

Also, Biden said of Afghanistan's future, "we have achieved our own goals in Afghanistan, our goal is not to create a nation, it is only the right and responsibility of the Afghan people ... but the fact that the possibility of forming a single government to control the entire country is extremely unlikely," at the same time indicating the need to work more actively with the parties in Afghanistan, as well as calling for regional and international participants interested in it, and stating that it will continue to provide financial and technical assistance to Afghan partners, in addition, The reason we say so is that, according to The Washington Post, shortly before the Americans left, director of Central Intelligence William Burns held a secret meeting with Mullah Abdulghani barodar in Kabul.<sup>4</sup> What they talked about is not yet known.

<sup>2</sup> Uzbekistan, the USA and Afghanistan step up the fight against COVID-19, terrorism and drug trafficking Gazeta.uz 06.02.20 available <https://www.gazeta.uz/ru/2020/08/13/safety/>

<sup>3</sup> in the same place

<sup>4</sup> *The Washington Post* CIA Director William Burns held secret meeting in Kabul with Taliban leader Abdul Ghani Baradar

The new Uzbek government is also seriously working on the issue of how the events that occurred and were happening after foreign troops left Afghanistan could affect Uzbek-US relations. The appeal of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Supreme Assembly of January 24, 2020 emphasized the special importance on the further development of political, trade-economic, investment, transport-communication and cultural-humanitarian relations with the Russian Federation, the people's Republic of China, the United States, Japan, South Korea, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, the European Union and Asian countries.<sup>5</sup>

Our President Shavkat Mirziyoyev said that it is at events dedicated to the problem of Afghanistan, in particular, at the fourth consultative meeting of the heads of Central Asian states, held on July 21, 2022 in Chulpanota, that "it should remain the most important priority for us to continue working closely on issues of promoting long-term peace in Afghanistan and its socio-economic recovery. We, as the closest neighbors of this country, should first of all be interested in the stability on this land. How this problem is perceived by the international community also largely depends on us. We are also committed to the active development of trade relations with this country, its involvement in economic processes in our region, expansion of humanitarian assistance to the Afghan people, promotion of important social and infrastructural projects", while the International Conference on the topic "Afghanistan: security and economic development" was held on March 27, 2018 in the capital of Uzbekistan on Afghanistan " peace process, – Held on 16 July, " Central and South Asia: regional interconnection.

As a logical continuation of the International Conference on " threats and opportunities " and in an address to the conference participants, President Shavkat Mirziyoyev called on the Afghan government to comply with the basic requirements of the world community, take joint rigorous measures to effectively combat all manifestations of terrorism, saying that "such an approach will lead to the strengthening of confidence in the Provisional Government,, opens up clear prospects for sustainable development in an environment of near-neighborliness and mutually beneficial cooperation," allegedly indicating the need for international cooperation in future relations with Afghanistan.<sup>6</sup>

Uzbekistan will continue to conduct these relations, since the establishment of mutually beneficial strategic cooperation in foreign policy of Uzbekistan with both neighboring countries and the countries of the RF, the USA, the PRC, the EU is determined as a priority task. Uzbekistan will also continue to implement a project to build a Transafgan transport route connecting Central Asia with the Indian Ocean, taking advantage of its position in the PRC and attracting the above-mentioned states.

Since one of the important rings that determine the practical interconnection of Central and South Asia is Afghanistan, ensuring security and stability in the area is one of the main conditions for regular development, this can be achieved by creating a modern, efficient and safe transport-cargo infrastructure between Central and South Asia.

And the interest of America in maintaining relations with Uzbekistan is expressed in the following:

<sup>5</sup> [https://nrm.uz/contentf?doc=612868\\_o%E2%80%98zbekiston\\_respublikasi\\_prezidenti\\_shavkat\\_mirzieevning\\_oliy\\_majlisga\\_murojaatnomasi\\_\(2020\\_yil\\_24\\_yanvar\)](https://nrm.uz/contentf?doc=612868_o%E2%80%98zbekiston_respublikasi_prezidenti_shavkat_mirzieevning_oliy_majlisga_murojaatnomasi_(2020_yil_24_yanvar))

<sup>6</sup> <https://yuz.uz/news/afgoniston-boyicha-toshkent-xalqaro-konferentsiyasi>

First, the new strategy for Central Asia for 2019-2025 has not expired-which will definitely take into account the position of Uzbekistan in the implementation of the long-term goals and interests set out by the United States and "S5+1".

Secondly, in the fall of 2021, the governments of the United States and Uzbekistan decided to turn the annual bilateral political advice between the countries into a strategic Cooperation Dialogue.

Thirdly, the United States is also actively involved in the creation of the above-mentioned interregional transport structures, as well as the road to the Pacific Ocean, and continues its cooperation with Uzbekistan in this area.

Based on the above-described opinions of the head of state and political figures, it is possible to come to the conclusion that Uzbekistan seeks to ensure peace in Afghanistan and to use possible efforts in the future to establish good neighborliness, comprehensive, mutually beneficial economic cooperation with this state, as well as to strengthen its relations with the United States and Afghanistan for this purpose.

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