



Article

Comparative Analysis of General Survey Results in the Social Security System in Uzbekistan

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Abstract: This article is devoted to the topic "Comparative analysis of the results of the general survey in the social security system in Uzbekistan", and it is explained that this issue has long been of interest to Pythagoras, Heraclitus, Plato, Aristotle, encyclopedists of the Middle and Near East. At the same time, for the first time, recognizing the existence of poverty among a certain segment of the population in terms of social security, extensive work on reducing it has begun. In all districts and cities, in every neighborhood, a completely new system of address-based work with needy families, women and young people - "special book", "youth book", "women's book" has been introduced, to meet the needs of the needy and bereaved groups, and to promote social justice. installation issues are described. In addition, many studies have been analyzed in various fields on the further improvement of the social security system in the society of Uzbekistan, which is getting a new look.

Keywords: Social security, social security in the East, social security in the West, families in need, research on social security, strong social protection_____

1. Introduction

Along with material factors, special attention is paid to moral factors in the consistent improvement of the social security sector in New Uzbekistan. "Recognizing for the first time the existence of poverty among a certain segment of the population, extensive work has been started to reduce it. In all districts and cities, in every neighborhood, a completely new system of address-based work with needy families, women and young people - "special book", "youth book", "women's book" was introduced". In fact, it is important to focus on working with needy families, providing tax benefits for self-employed people, providing preferential loans and subsidies to farm owners, increasing the number of social welfare recipients, and social security. Targeted work with needy families in general, attention to the social sphere serves as one of the moral factors for the social support of the new Uzbekistan. Sociological analysis of the work carried out in the field of social security, sociological research in the direction of further improvement of the complex social security system, which helps to create the necessary opportunities in this regard, is of great scientific and practical importance.

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Analysis of literature on the topic. Scientists have long been interested in the methodological basis of issues of social security system development. If we refer to the work of the thinkers of the past, most of them have solved this problem in the most beautiful way and laid the foundation for this work. In ancient times, Pythagoras, Heraclitus, Plato, Aristotle, the encyclopedic scholars of the Middle and Near East, Abu Nasr Farabi, Yusuf Khos Hajib, Ibn Khaldun, Ibn Sina, Abu Rayhan Beruni, Imam Ghazali, Alisher Navoi and many other scholars of ours did great things in improving the human mind and the world of thought. They recognized man as the only intelligent being among creatures, and in their works and treatises, many issues such as faith, perfection, human life and death, fate, peace, society, existence, and knowledge were researched. In particular, Abu Nasr Farabi's book "The City of Virtuous People" described the necessary needs of prosperity and misery.

In particular, in the Western world, the studies of S.V. Shishkin, V.I. Bogdanovskaya, A.K. Solovyov, N.B. Topka, Z. Zamaraeva, N.A. Volgin, V.P. Galaganov and other thinkers are of great importance. Centuries separate the researches of these scientists, but they are united by the fact that they are among the first and special researches devoted to the problems of social security and social protection. Scientists of foreign countries as M. Weber, G. Zimmel, E. Durkheim, O. Comte, G. Spencer, T. Parsons, B. Malinovskys researched social protection, social stratification, it should be noted that Mike Piper, Andy Landis, J.Mark and others researched the role of social security in the implementation of social development, including the role of social security in the social protection of citizens.

Scientists of our country M. Bekmurodov, Sh. Sodikova, A. Saidov, A. Umarov, A. Kakharov, A. Yuldashev, N. Alikoriev, Q. Abdurakhmanov, A. Begmatov, M. Ganieva, O. Ota-Mirzaev, T. Matibaev, T.Narbaeva, B.Farfiev, O.Abduazimov, B.Karimov, K.Kalonov, R.Ubaydullaeva, A.Seitov, F.Parmanov have researched social security as an integral part of the spiritual life of society based on the requirements of the time.

In the research conducted in our country, the work done in the field of social security is sociologically analyzed, but it is important to carry out research based on the harmony of theory and practice within the framework of the social security system of the problem.

Research methodology. General scientific and empirical methods such as systematic, historical, comparative analysis, questionnaire survey, expert survey, document analysis were used in conducting the research.

Analysis and results. Due to the increase in the number of pensioners, pensioners, singles, low-income people, unemployed people, in general, people in need of social protection, the issue of social security is putting new tasks on the agenda as an urgent and universal task. It is known that currently only 47% of the world's population receives at least one type of social protection, and 53% (4.1 million people) are deprived of social security. Social security is implemented under the systematic and determining influence of a number of factors, and the role of socio-economic and financial factors in this complex social process is equally important in all countries of the world. It is observed that these categories of the population in need of social protection and assistance: the poor, families with many children, the disabled, the elderly alone, and other groups, are among the priorities of the state policy today, with a just society always undertaking to protect them.

Scientific centers and universities of the developed countries of the world are conducting research in the directions of development of social security. In this regard, the formation of the social security system taking into account the historical conditions, the organization of additional pensions paid in a private manner, the methods and principles of social protection, the sociological features of social security, social services for families, targeted social services for the population, pensions for the elderly, specific features of social security, social assistance paid to the disabled, children, lonely, social security implemented in private sectors, as well as the similarity of the problems being solved,

promote the research of modern approaches, methods of social security and effective use of sociological theories.

Scientists have long been interested in the methodological basis of questions about how social protection constitutes the essence of human life. Our spiritual heritage "Avesto" also states that valuing people is an important criterion that determines the meaning of social life. In this regard, Surah "Hud" verse 86 of the Holy Qur'an was revealed: "If you are believers (rather than getting rich through illicit means), what God has left (halal) is better for you." In this case, it is possible to explain that the wealth gained by honest work is beneficial, and the wealth earned by honesty is blessed.

The great Eastern thinker Farabi mentioned in his works that it is necessary to observe the rules of justice in human relations with others. In this regard, the scientist said, "Justice is expressed in the correct distribution of the good things that belong to all the inhabitants of the city and in the preservation of the wealth of those who are distributed. These are good things, riches, health, respect, honor, ranks, and the like, of which every man should have his share, and it is unjust to take more or less. If it touches a little, it is injustice to the person, if it takes a lot, it is injustice to the people, that is, to others" they emphasized. In this regard, Ibn Khaldun develops the concept of perfect human education. According to him, "a perfect person is a person who respects the order of society, is a patriot of his country, and is loyal to his socio-political system. The education of a perfect citizen begins with the creation of an all-round perfect state order", where the "state-citizen-man" order in the perfection system constitutes Ibn Khaldun's sociological concept of the process of perfecting the state and society.

The methodologically important view that the social security system "must serve people" today is the essence of social protection, first of all, ensuring the interests of the population, especially social support for lonely elderly people, pensioners and disabled people, receiving information from them, providing care it is understood that the conditions have been created. Strong social protection is considered an integral part of Uzbekistan's national socio-economic development strategy, and first of all, it requires a good social security system.

It has been 30 years since the term "social security" was officially used in international documents. During this period, there was not a single social sphere, a single production network, where this concept did not penetrate as a type of activity, research method, evaluation and forecasting mechanism. Social security is derived from the Latin word, social means related to society, related to society, community, people's relations in society, and provision means provision of things; means meeting the need for things necessary for living, working, spiritual food, encouragement, hope¹. Combining the dictionary meaning of both words, social security means the supply of the necessary things (money, food, clothing) for the needy strata of society.

At the current stage of the development of the new Uzbekistan, social protection, social security, that is, in a word, social policy, consists in finding a comfortable life for citizens. Today's demographic growth, more precisely, the increase in the number of people of retirement age, will not be appropriate to maintain the existing social protection system. Because the burden on social security institutions, special funds, that is, non-budgetary pension fund, employment support fund, health care system is steadily increasing. Therefore, it is a vital necessity to develop new models in the social protection system of New Uzbekistan, to build a high economic space for people, both materially and spiritually.

Strong social protection is an integral part of Uzbekistan's national socio-economic development strategy. One of the important branches of social protection is social security. Social security is basically provision and support of citizens through the state, state social security systems are meant. In order to equalize the social status of citizens, social security

is a form of assistance organized by the state for a circle of approved persons in the cases established by law, when certain legal facts arise, and it is mainly used for citizens in the case of old age, incapacity for work, and the use of material, medical and other services.

Today, we can see the social security system in the table below.

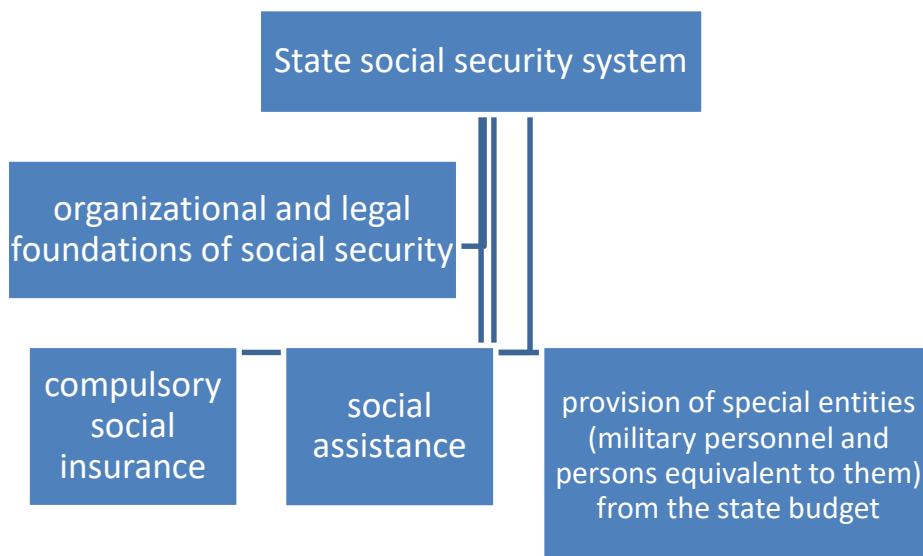


Table 1

Article 46 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states: "Everyone has the right to receive social security in the event of old age, incapacity for work, as well as in the event of deprivation of a breadwinner and in other cases provided for by law. The amount of pensions, allowances, and other types of social assistance cannot be less than the minimum amount necessary for subsistence officially determined".

Sociological research methods of social security were used, such as comparative analysis, questionnaire survey, document analysis, general scientific and empirical methods based on sociological theories. The use of these methods made it possible to develop various scientific approaches to social security, principles and research methods of researching this problem, as well as ways to introduce the obtained results and knowledge into the life of society. In this regard, the state system of social security, material support and social services for the elderly and disabled citizens, as well as families, as well as the fact that it is important for the working population for these categories, in old age, in cases of temporary or permanent disability, in supporting a low-income family, etc. creation of a reliable ground for life made it possible to substantiate through sociological methods. When assessing the social security system, based on the experiences of foreign countries in the formation of social security systems, it was sociologically substantiated that it is possible to use practical experiences in the reform of the social security system of Uzbekistan, taking into account different social, economic and demographic conditions.

89 respondents (8%) answered that they are satisfied with the amount of social benefit and pension assigned to them. This is 8% of the 1109 respondents, these respondents are considered to be the respondents who have retired from the military fields, and are currently receiving pensions and working in organizations. 249 (23%) respondents are moderately satisfied. 347 (31%) respondents indicated that they are not satisfied, saying that the amount of pension provision and social allowance is not enough for them to live well. 176 (16%) respondents are not at all satisfied with the amount of pension and social benefits they receive.

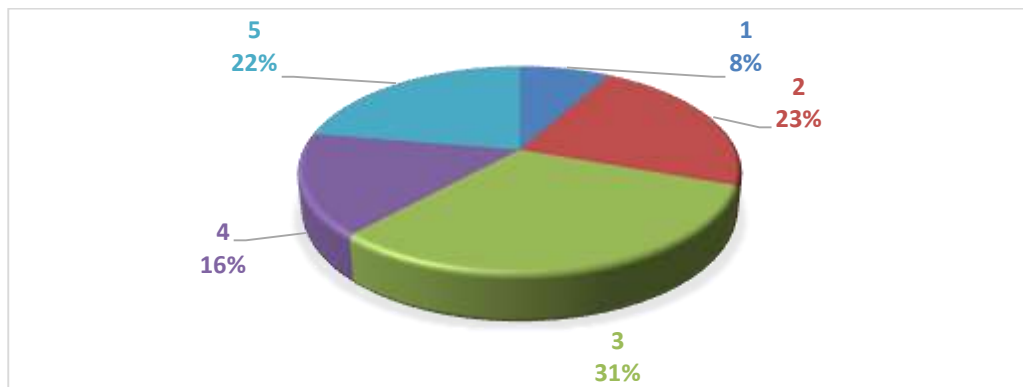


Table 2

197 (18%) of the respondents answered that the length of service should be the most important aspect when assigning different categories of pensions to the population. Another 197 people (18%) said that other criteria should be considered, not salary, seniority, or age, and they chose none. 101 (9%) respondents indicated that pension should be assigned based on monthly salary, and 212 (19%) respondents indicated that age should prevail.

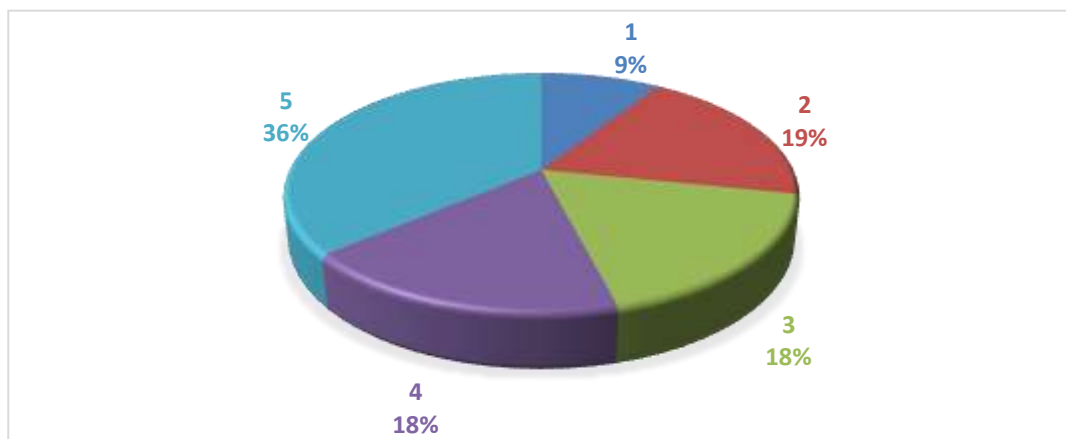


Table 3

Block B of the questionnaire is focused on the distribution of expenses of social security, and according to the first question, we will analyze how much the amount of pension (social benefit) is enough for the respondents to live at an average level for one month. 1109 respondents, up to 621 thousand soums, 6 people (1%), from 622 thousand to 1 million soums, 45 people (4%), from 1 million to 3 million soums 67 people (6%), from 3 million to 5 million 126 people (11%), 656 (59%) from 5 million to 10 million, 106 (10%) over 10 million and 103 (9%) respondents chose the answer options that it is difficult for me to answer. This question is very relevant today, especially for the segment of the population that has never worked anywhere before. In order to increase the respect of the elderly, we must first eliminate their dependence on others. Citizens should not be afraid of old age, but enjoy it. Most of the time, the population has a sense of khadik due to old age, retirement, unemployment. In preventing gerontological diseases in old age, the self-confidence of the older generation and the attitude of wives towards them are also factors. For this purpose, today's reforms are necessary to support the financial independence of the elderly generation. It is desirable to fully develop the mechanism for this.

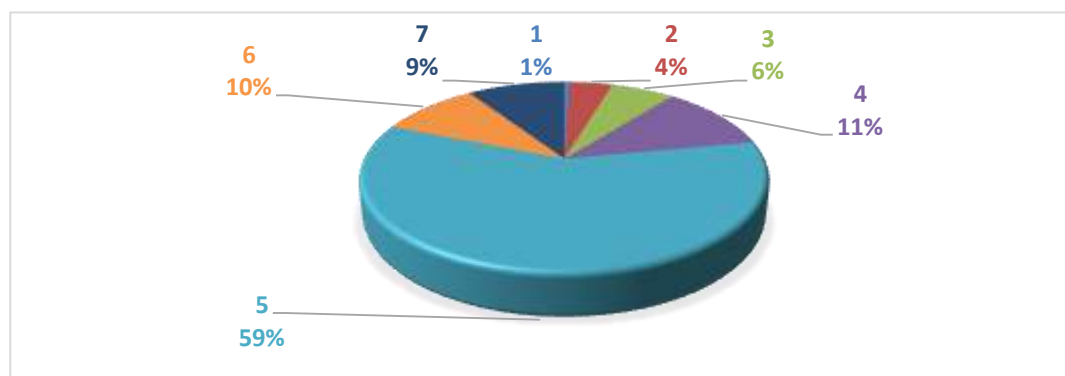


Table 4

In the society of Uzbekistan, which is getting a new look, many studies are being conducted in various fields to further improve the social security system. The changes taking place in the world do not leave their influence on this process, and although it certainly manifests itself in many countries in its own form, but its essence remains unquestionably extremely important.

Sociology, like many fields of knowledge, conducts research on current issues, formulates results, forecasts and develops necessary proposals and recommendations based on new scientific facts.

Conclusions and suggestions. We can say that positive results are being achieved in the social security system today in increasing the trust of the population in the state, trust in living, but even so, there is still a lot of work to be done. Today, we consider it appropriate to establish a separate responsible body for the social security system, which can increase the trust of the population in the country, increase its patriotism, and also help everyone in our country to live happily and happily in difficult situations.

For this, firstly, the structure of social security, as a form of expression of the state's social policy aimed at providing social protection and assistance to categories, pensioners, the poor, mothers with many children, the disabled, single elderly, etc. at the expense of the state budget and extra-budgetary special fund funds, in the Society ensure that social security is fairly implemented and assigned to its owner;

Secondly, in order to eliminate the problems related to social security, to mobilize the social solidarity of the Ministry of Economy and Finance, the Ministry of Poverty Reduction and Employment and other ministries that implement social security, to ensure the digitization of inter-ministerial information while studying the existing problems;

Thirdly, regardless of which ministry a needy citizen in need of social protection applies to, after the citizen is confirmed to be in need of protection, to establish the appointment and payment of social security automatically, without requiring any documents.

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